



Answer Key: page 4

Introduction to Functions and Relations

Determine if the following is a function or relation.

1. $\{(1, 2), (4, 6), (-9, 0), (7, -3)\}$
2. $\{(3, 8), (1, 9), (-2, -14), (3, 5)\}$
3. $\{(7, 4), (8, 3), (0, 0), (2, -3), (4, 1), (15, 2)\}$
4. $\{(10, 5), (4, 2), (1, -12), (1, -5), (0, 10), (1, 1)\}$
5. $\{(0, -9), (-3, 7), (2, 8), (-6, -3), (-5, 2), (1, -9)\}$
6. $\{(8, 2), (4, -6), (-9, 3), (3, -9), (8, -6)\}$

Evaluate the function for the given value.

7. $f(x) = x + 10, x = -10$
8. $f(x) = -3x - 5, x = -6$
9. $f(x) = 4x + (8 - x), x = -5$
10. $f(x) = \frac{3x+4}{x}, x = 2$
11. $f(x) = 10(x^2 + x) x = -4$

Find the domain of the function

12. $\{(1, 2), (4, 6), (-9, 0), (7, -3)\}$
13. $\{(7, 4), (8, 3), (0, 0), (2, -3), (4, 1), (15, 2)\}$
14. $\{(0, -9), (-3, 7), (2, 8), (-6, -3), (-5, 2), (1, -9)\}$

Function Operations

15. Given $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$ find $f(x) + g(x)$
16. Given $g(x) = 2x$ and $f(x) = x - 1$ find $f(x)g(x)$
17. Given $f(x) = 6$ and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 1$ find $f(x) - g(x)$
18. Given $f(x) = x - 2$ and $g(x) = 6 - 2x$
find $h(-2)$ where $h(x) = f(x) + g(x)$

Inverse Functions

Find the inverse of the function

19. $f(x) = 5x$

20. $g(x) = 5x - 1$

21. $h(x) = 7x + 10$

22. $f(x) = \frac{x+5}{4}$

23. $g(x) = \frac{x+9}{2}$

Composite Functions

24. Given $f(x) = x - 7$ and $g(x) = 4x$ find $f(g(x))$

25. Given $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x + 5$ find $g(f(x))$

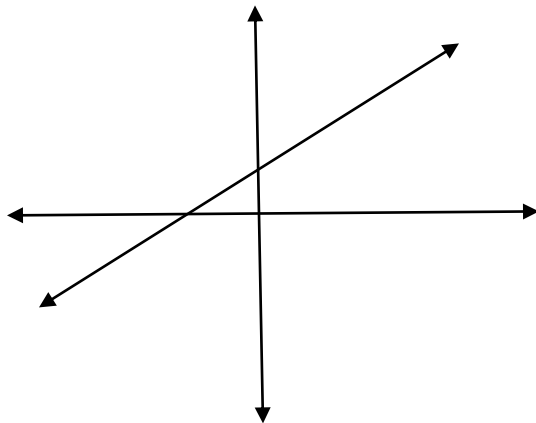
26. Given $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ and $g(x) = 5x$ find $f(g(x))$

27. Given $f(x) = 4 - 2x^2$ and $g(x) = 2 - x$ find $f(g(x))$

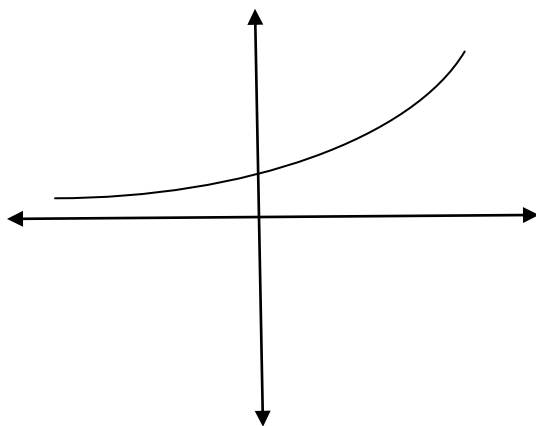
Graphing Functions

Describe the graph as linear, quadratic or exponential.

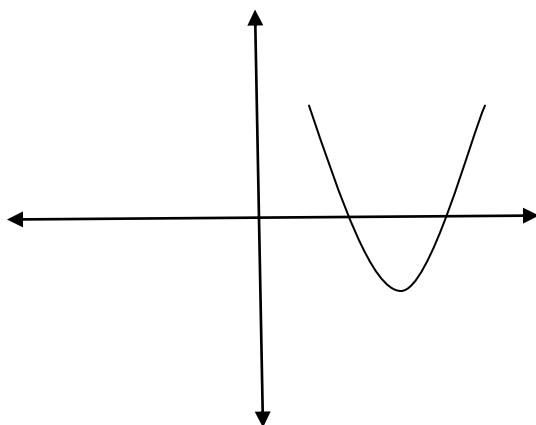
28.



29.



30.



ANSWER KEY

Introduction to Functions and Relations

Determine if the following is a function or relation.

1. $\{(1, 2), (4, 6), (-9, 0), (7, -3)\}$ **function**
2. $\{(3, 8), (1, 9), (-2, -14), (3, 5)\}$ **relation**
3. $\{(7, 4), (8, 3), (0, 0), (2, -3), (4, 1), (15, 2)\}$ **function**
4. $\{(10, 5), (4, 2), (1, -12), (1, -5), (0, 10), (1, 1)\}$ **relation**
5. $\{(0, -9), (-3, 7), (2, 8), (-6, -3), (-5, 2), (1, -9)\}$ **function**
6. $\{(8, 2), (4, -6), (-9, 3), (3, -9), (8, -6)\}$ **relation**

Evaluate the function for the given value.

7. $f(x) = x + 10, x = -10$ **0**
8. $f(x) = -3x - 5, x = -6$ **13**
9. $f(x) = 4x + (8 - x), x = -5$ **-7**
10. $f(x) = \frac{3x+4}{x}, x = 2$ **5**
11. $f(x) = 10(x^2 + x) x = -4$ **120**

Find the domain of the function

12. $\{(1, 2), (4, 6), (-9, 0), (7, -3)\}$ **{1, 4, -9, 7}**
13. $\{(7, 4), (8, 3), (0, 0), (2, -3), (4, 1), (15, 2)\}$ **{7, 8, 0, 2, 4, 15}**
14. $\{(0, -9), (-3, 7), (2, 8), (-6, -3), (-5, 2), (1, -9)\}$ **{0, -3, 2, -6, -5, 1}**

Function Operations

15. Given $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$ find $f(x) + g(x)$ **$5x - 3$**
16. Given $g(x) = 2x$ and $f(x) = x - 1$ find $f(x)g(x)$ **$2x^2 - 2x$**
17. Given $f(x) = 6$ and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 1$ find $f(x) - g(x)$ **$-2x^2 + 7$**
18. Given $f(x) = x - 2$ and $g(x) = 6 - 2x$
 find $h(-2)$ where $h(x) = f(x) + g(x)$ **6**

Inverse Functions

Find the inverse of the function

19. $f(x) = 5x$

$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{5}$

20. $g(x) = 5x - 1$

$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{5}$

21. $h(x) = 7x + 10$

$h^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-10}{7}$

22. $f(x) = \frac{x+5}{4}$

$f^{-1}(x) = 4x - 5$

23. $g(x) = \frac{x+9}{2}$

$g^{-1}(x) = 2x - 9$

Composite Functions

24. Given $f(x) = x - 7$ and $g(x) = 4x$ find $f(g(x))$

$4x - 7$

25. Given $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x + 5$ find $g(f(x))$

$x^2 + 5$

26. Given $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ and $g(x) = 5x$ find $f(g(x))$

$25x^2 - 10x$

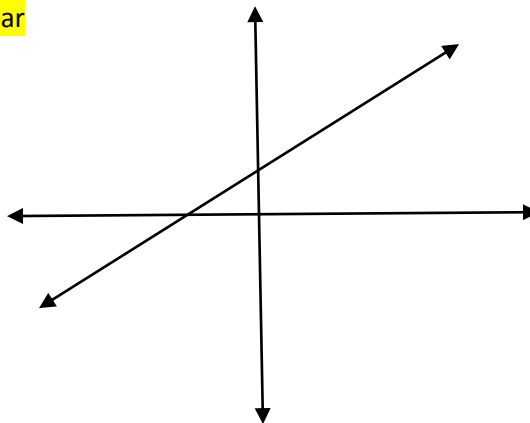
27. Given $f(x) = 4 - 2x^2$ and $g(x) = 2 - x$ find $f(g(x))$

$-2x^2 - 8x - 4$

Graphing Functions

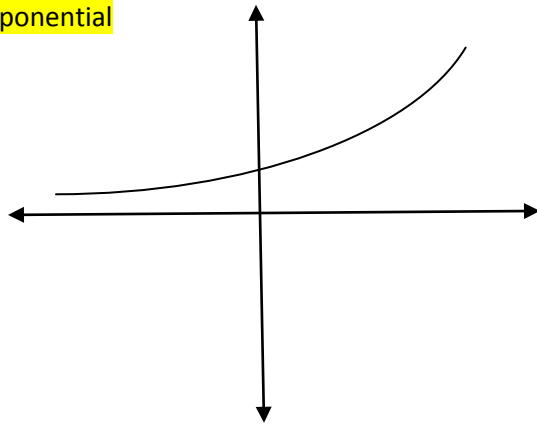
Describe the graph as linear, quadratic or exponential.

28. **linear**



29.

exponential



30.

quadratic

