

Finding the Least Common Multiple (LCM)



Overview of problems



Example Set: A

Find the least common multiple (LCM) of each pair of numbers.

$$6, 10$$

$$16, 20$$

$$7, 3$$

$$12, 6, 15$$



Example Set: B

Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each pair of fractions.

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{7}{10}, \frac{3}{14}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{9}{20}$$



Example Set: C

When adding fractions one needs to be able to determine the LCD. Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each fraction expression.

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} + \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{6}{11} + \frac{9}{7}$$



Example Set: D

When subtracting fractions one needs to be able to determine the LCD. Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each fraction expression.

$$\frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{13}{12} - \frac{9}{8}$$

$$\frac{5}{14} - \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{22}{25} - \frac{17}{20}$$

Finding the Least Common Multiple (LCM)



Overview of problems- KEY



Example Set: A

Find the least common multiple (LCM) of each pair of numbers.

$$6, 10 = 30$$

$$16, 20 = 80$$

$$7, 3 = 21$$

$$12, 6, 15 = 60$$



Example Set: B

Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each pair of fractions.

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{9} = 9$$

$$\frac{7}{10}, \frac{3}{14} = 70$$

$$\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{9}{20} = 40$$



Example Set: C

When adding fractions one needs to be able to determine the LCD. Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each fraction expression.

$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \quad 8$$

$$\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{6} \quad 30$$

$$\frac{1}{15} + \frac{3}{12} \quad 60$$

$$\frac{6}{11} + \frac{9}{7} \quad 77$$



Example Set: D

When subtracting fractions one needs to be able to determine the LCD. Find the least common denominator (LCD) of each fraction expression.

$$\frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{2} \quad 14$$

$$\frac{13}{12} - \frac{9}{8} \quad 24$$

$$\frac{5}{14} - \frac{2}{6} \quad 42$$

$$\frac{22}{25} - \frac{17}{20} \quad 100$$